# UNIT 10: Geometry Position, Direction \& Construction 

Note: All key terms are based on the Math Standards for Alaska and reflect terms vital to academic achievement in math.


## INTRODUCTION OF

 MATH VOCABULARY
## Process Skills

## Concrete Introduction of Key Vocabulary

Note: A vocabulary graphic is provided in this unit for each of the key words.
Definitions for all of the key words can be found in the glossary at the back of this program.


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# VOCABULARY <br> PICTURES 



## POSITION



## DIRECTION



## DIAMETER



## POLYGON



## PERPENDICULAR LINE



## PARALLEL LINE



## PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR



## LANGUAGE ACTIVITIES

## Language and Skills Development

## LISTENING

Review the key math words introduced in this unit. If the vocabulary pictures were not presented during the introduction, show them to the students at this time.


## Whisper

Mount the vocabulary illustrations on the chalkboard. Group the students into two teams. Whisper a vocabulary word to the first player in each team. When you say "Go," the first player in each team must then whisper the same word to the next player in his/her team. The players should continue whispering the vocabulary word in this way until the last player in a team hears the word. When the last player in a team hears the word, he/she must rush to the chalkboard and point to the illustration for the word. The first player to do this correctly wins the round. Repeat until all players have had an opportunity to identify a vocabulary illustration in this way. When a player has identified a vocabulary illustration, he/she should rejoin the front of his/her team.

Modification: Make it more like tele-pictionary: Whisper a definition to a player, who then must decide what word it is, and whisper the word to the next player, who then translates it into the definition again when they whisper it to the next player. Thus, it would be repeated as word, then definition, then word, then definition, and so forth.

## Student Support Materials

Have the students work on the activity pages from the Student Support Materials from this unit. Afterward, review their work.

# Language and Skills Development 

## SPEAKING



## Sheet Golf

Before the activity begins, obtain an old sheet. Cut a hole (approximately two inches in diameter) in each end of the sheet. Group the students into two teams. Have the first player from each team hold opposite ends of the sheet. Place a marble or small ball in the center of the sheet. When you say "Go", the players must then lift their ends of the sheet and attempt to cause the marble or ball to fall through the hole in the other player's side of the sheet. When the ball or marble falls through one of the holes, the player on that side of the sheet must say the name of a vocabulary picture you show or he/she should repeat a sentence you said at the beginning of the round. Repeat with other pairs of students until all students have participated. If the sheet is large enough, all students can play-divide the students into four groups (one group for each side). Cut a hole in the sheet near each side. When the marble or ball falls through, all the players on that side must say the name of a vocabulary picture that you show. Repeat.

## Picture Jigsaw

Cut each of the vocabulary pictures into four pieces. Mix the cut out pieces together and distribute them to the students (a student may have more than one picture section). When you say "Go," the students should attempt to match the jigsaw sections they have to reproduce the original vocabulary pictures. When the students put the necessary pieces of a picture together, they should identify the picture by its vocabulary word. Continue until all vocabulary pictures have been put together and named in this way.

## Language and Skills Development

## READING

Introduce the math sight words to the students - match the sight words with the vocabulary graphics. The sight words are included in the Student Support Materials, attached to these lesson plans.


## Balloon Volleyball

Group the students into two teams. The two teams should stand, facing one another. Toss a round, inflated balloon to the members of Team One. The members of Team One must then bounce the balloon to the members of Team Two. The players should continue to bounce the balloon back and forth in this way until a team loses the balloon. You may wish to establish the rule that players may not move their feet during the activity. When a team loses the balloon, show them a vocabulary picture and ask all the members in that team to say the vocabulary word for it. Repeat until both teams have responded a number of times.

## Student Support Materials

Have the students work on the activity pages from the Student Support Materials from this unit. Afterward, review their work.

## Language and Skills Development

## WRITING



## Every Second Letter

Write a sight word on the board, omitting every second letter. Provide the students with writing paper and pens. The students should look at the incomplete word on the board and then write the sight word for it on their papers. Repeat using other sight words.

This activity may also be done in team form. In this case, have the incomplete words prepared on separate flash cards. Mount one of the cards on the board. When you say "Go," the first player from each team must rush to the board and write the sight word for it-adding all of the missing letters. Repeat until all players have participated.

## Word Completion

Before the activity begins, prepare clozure cards for the sight words; omit letters and syllables. Provide each student with a clozure card. Call upon the students to complete their words on the clozure cards by writing in the missing parts. Afterward, review the students' responses.

## Student Support Materials

Have the students work on the activity pages from the Student Support Materials from this unit. Afterward, review their work.

# STUDENT SUPPORT MATERIALS 

Listening • Mini Pictures

## Listening: Mini Pictures

Have the students cut out the pictures. Say the key math wordsfrom this unit, and the students should hold up the pictures for them.


STUDENT SUPPORT MATERIALS

Sight Words




# STUDENT SUPPORT MATERIALS 

Reading<br>Sight Recognition

## Sight Words Activity Page

Have the students circle the word for each picture.

position
direction
diameter
polygon
perpendicular line
parallel line
perpendicular
bisector

position
direction
diameter
polygon
perpendicular line
parallel line perpendicular bisector

position
direction
diameter
polygon
perpendicular line
parallel line
perpendicular bisector

position
direction
diameter
polygon
perpendicular
line
parallel line
perpendicular bisector


## Sight Words Activity Page



position<br>direction<br>diameter<br>polygon<br>perpendicular<br>line<br>parallel line<br>perpendicular<br>bisector

## Sight Words Activity Page

Write the numbers on their correct vocabulary graphics.


1. position
2. direction
3. diameter
4. polygon
5. perpendicular line
6. parallel line
7. perpendicular bisector

## Sight Words Activity Page

Write the key words from this unit horizontally in the boxes (more than one copy of each word can be written). Fill in all other boxes with any letters. Exchange page with another student. Find key words and circle.


## Sight Words Activity Page

Highlight or circle the words in this word find.
direction
perpendicular bisector
polygon
diameter
position
perpendicular line
parallel line
o r r r p t e p i e e l d a y p p t y i i p i de













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c r d s o t e r n r u l g c c n o o n n a i r t c
i a i a e p o p e r p e n d i c u l a r l i i e t










## Sight Words Activity Page

direction
perpendicular bisector polygon diameter
position
perpendicular line
parallel line


# STUDENT SUPPORT MATERIALS 

Reading • Encoding

## Encoding Activity Page

Have the students cut out the word parts and glue them into their correct words.

## p_ion

## di_ion

$\qquad$

P___on

$\qquad$


## Encoding Activity Page

## pa el line

perpendicular bi__r


## Encoding Activity Page

Have the students cut out the word halves and glue them together to create the key words for this unit.


## Encoding Activity Page


pendicular line
perpendicular
bi
meter

## Encoding Activity Page

Cut out and encode the syllables of the words OR number the syllables in their correct sequence.


## Encoding Activity Page



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line
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## Encoding Activity Page



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# STUDENT SUPPORT MATERIALS 

Reading Comprehension

## What's the Answer?

Read the text and then select the correct answer for it. Fill in the bullet beside the answer of your choice.
(1) The position of Fairbanks relative to Southeast Alaska is

O Large
O North
O Small
O South
(2) The direction that salmon swim in a river to spawn is generally

O Upstream
O Downstream
O Upside Down
O Out to Sea
(3) The diameter of a pearl would be the measure of a chord passing through its

O Top
O Bottom
O Left Side
O Center
(4) A polygon is a $\qquad$ figure made up of line segments.
O Open
O Closed
O Heavy
O Light
(5) Perpendicular lines are lines that intersect to form $\qquad$ angles.
O Small
O Large
O Left
O Right

## What's the Answer?

(6) Good examples of parallel lines are

O Train Tracks
O Basketballs
O Fish Eggs
O Car Tires
(7) A perpendicular bisector passes through the $\qquad$ of a line.
O Far Ends
O Left End
O Right End
O Mid-Point

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O Left End
O Right End

- Mid-Point


## Reading Comprehension Activity Page

Write the numbers/letters for sentence halves that match.
(1) The position of an army on the battlefield
(2) The direction that one is driving is important
(3) The diameter of an acorn is much less than the
(4) A polygon is a
(5) A cross is an example of a
(6) Train tracks are examples of
(7) A plus sign is an example of a
(A) diameter of a mature cottonwood tree.
(B) closed figure made up of line segments.
(C) parallel lines.
(D) perpendicular line.
(E) perpendicular bisector.
(F) can be important for winning the battle or war.
(G) if you wish to reach your intended destination!

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
1 \rightarrow \ldots & 2 \rightarrow & 3 \rightarrow & 4 \rightarrow \\
5 \rightarrow \ldots & & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## Reading Comprehension Activity Page

(1) The position of an army on the battlefield
(2) The direction that one is driving is important
(3) The diameter of an acorn is much less than the
(4) A polygon is a
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(7) A plus sign is an example of a
(A) diameter of a mature cottonwood tree.
(B) closed figure made up of line segments.
(C) parallel lines.
(D) perpendicular line.
(E) perpendicular bisector.
(F) can be important for winning the battle or war.
(G) if you wish to reach your intended destination!

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \rightarrow \ldots \text { F } \\
& 2 \rightarrow \quad G \\
& 5 \rightarrow \text { D } \\
& 6 \rightarrow \quad \text { C } \\
& 3 \rightarrow \quad \mathrm{~A} \\
& 4 \rightarrow \quad \text { B } \\
& \rightarrow \quad \mathrm{E}
\end{aligned}
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## Reading Comprehension Activity Page

Cut out the words and glue them under their definitions.


## Intersecting at a mid-point



## Reading Comprehension Activity Page



## Intersecting at a mid-point

perpendicular bisector

# STUDENT SUPPORT MATERIALS 

Writing

## Writing Activity Page

Have the students complete the writing of the key math words.


# po _ ion dir__tion 

## diam r

## po <br> 



## para 1 li


bi_tor

## Writing Activity Page

Have the students complete the writing of the key math words.

p
b


## Basic Writing Activity Page

Have the students write the word for each picture.


## Crossword Puzzle



## Crossword Puzzle Answers




## UNIT ASSESSMENT

# Position, Direction \& Construction 

Unit Assessment Teacher's Notes<br>Grade 8 • Unit 10

Date:

## Unit Assessment

Provide each student with a copy of the students' pages. Read the following instructions aloud. The students should answer the questions on their copies of the assessment.

## BASIC LISTENING

Turn to page 1 in your test. Look at the pictures in the boxes.

1. Write the number 1 by the picture for POSITION.
2. Write the number 2 by the picture for DIRECTION.
3. Write the number 3 by the picture for DIAMETER.
4. Write the number 4 by the picture for POLYGON.
5. Write the number 5 by the picture for PERPENDICULAR LINE.
6. Write the number 6 by the picture for PARALLEL LINE.
7. Write the number 7 by the picture for PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR.

## SIGHT RECOGNITION

Turn to page 2 in your test. Look at the pictures in the boxes. Circle the word for each picture.

## DECODING/ENCODING

Turn to page 3 in your test. Look at the word parts in the boxes. Circle the other half or part of each word.

## READING COMPREHENSION

Turn to page 4 in your test. Write each word under its definition.
Refer to Student Support Materials for answer key.

## BASIC WRITING

Turn to page 5 in your test. Look at the pictures in the boxes. Write the word for each picture.

Teacher: To get a percentage for this student's assessment, divide the total number of questions correct by the total number of questions, then multiply this answer by 100 to determine the percentage of questions answered correctly.

MATH PROGRAM

Unit Assessment Student Pages Grade 8 • Unit 10

Date: $\qquad$ Student's Name: $\qquad$

Number Correct: $\qquad$ Percent Correct: $\qquad$


position
direction
diameter
polygon
perpendicular line
parallel line perpendicular bisector
position direction diameter
polygon
perpendicular line parallel line perpendicular bisector
position
direction
diameter
polygon
perpendicular line
parallel line
perpendicular bisector
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| llol |  |
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