

## UNIT 4

**Body Parts** 



#### **Teacher's Notes**

Cycle B introduces 12 terms for Body Parts. This cycle includes ten lessons with games and activities and the Student Support Materials (SSM). The SSM includes images, mini pictures, vocabulary word cards, student activity worksheets, and assessments. The unit's sentence and dialog are also part of the SSM. All this material is on an audio recording, spoken by a fluent speaker. Encourage students to listen to the audio many times if necessary. Students can get lots of practice with the dialog by substituting different body parts. In Tlingit, some nouns (body parts and kinship terms) are considered "inalienable," that is, they cannot be spoken of unless they are possessed. They must have a possessive pronoun attached. Singular possessive pronouns which can be used with body parts are **a**<u>x</u> (my), **i** (your), **du** (his/her/its). These nouns will continue to be used throughout all future cycles of this unit. It is to the students' advantage to master this vocabulary and commit the terms to long-term memory. They can then concentrate on the verb phrases to be introduced in Cycles C thru Advanced C. If students learn these words quickly, move forward to the next Cycle, which introduces verbs to be used with this theme.

#### Vocabulary Cycle B

oo<u>x</u> tooth k'í hip tl'éi<u>k</u> finger jigei arm gáts thigh <u>x</u>'oos foot <u>x</u>'usgoosh toe keey knee t'eey shú elbow <u>x</u>eek upper arm káak' forehead téey chin

Unit's Sentence		
<b>A<u>x</u></b> I hurt my	<u>x</u> walichún.	
Unit's Dialog		
(a) <b>Wáa sá iwunee?</b> What happened to you?		
(b) <b>A<u>x</u></b>	wudichún.	
Му	got hurt.	
(a) <b>Gwátk sá i</b> wudichún? When did your get hurt?		
(b) <b>Tatgé.</b> Yesterday		

#### **Teacher's Notes**

Cycle C introduces verbs to be used with the nouns from Cycle B. The focus is oral language development. The phrases are in the third person, imperfective (present) tense of the verb a.ús'k "to wash something". Use the photos from Cycle B, SSM, as props for each of the sentences. Encourage students to listen to the audio recording of the fluent speaker. If students learn the material guickly, move forward to the next cycle. The advanced cycles add new phrases that build upon the theme, Body Parts. Begin the unit with listening activities.

#### **Teacher's Notes**

This simple question and answer gives students lots of listening practice. Use the pictures from the SSM for some of the activities and games. Use stuffed animals or puppets to ask \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? The commands give more listening practice and an opportunity for students to demonstrate that they are understanding the command. It's best to give commands to the whole group or a select group of students before giving commands to an individual.

#### Vocabulary Cycle C

Du yá a.ús'k. S/he is washing his/her face.

Du <u>x</u>'oos a.ús'k. S/he is washing his/her foot.

**Du sha<u>x</u>aawú a.ús'k.** S/he is washing his/her hair.

**Du ladí<u>x</u>' a.ús'k.** S/he is washing his/her back of neck.

# Vocabulary Cycle A Advanced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ákyá? Is this \_\_\_\_\_\_? Aaá. Yes. Tléik', tléil \_\_\_\_\_\_\_áwé. No, that isn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_áwé. Goosóo i \_\_\_\_\_\_? Where is your \_\_\_\_\_? At shí. Touch it. At yishí. Touch it. (pl) Kíndei i \_\_\_\_\_\_. Raise your \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Yíndei i \_\_\_\_\_. Lower your \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Teacher's Notes**

Cycle B Advanced gives students practice with more descriptive sentences about body parts. You can use puppets, stuffed animals, or pictures to demonstrate some of the verbs, including **Du x'oos** diwúx': He has wide feet. You can substitute many different body parts in this sentence: **Ax waak** wudixwétl: My eyes are tired. Use the suggested lessons and the SSM to teach these descriptive sentences. Encourage students to listen to the audio recording of a fluent speaker saying these sentences.

#### **Teacher's Notes**

Cycle C's focus is creative writing. Most students will be able to write simple sentences using the nouns from this unit and simple verbs. These more descriptive sentences are samples for the students to follow in their writing. In addition to the nouns from this unit, these sentences include vocabulary from the Integrated Units on "time" and "colors" and Unit 13, "clothing." Students feel good about their learning when they recognize more and more of the vocabulary.

#### Vocabulary Cycle B Advanced

A<u>x</u> <u>x</u>'usgoosh yéi kwlisáa. She has skinny toes.

**Du <u>x</u>'as' litseen.** He has a strong jaw.

A<u>x</u> xei<u>k</u> tléil ulsteen. My arm feels weak.

Du <u>x</u>'oos diwú<u>x</u>'.He has wide feet.

**A<u>x</u> waa<u>k</u> wudixwétl.** My eyes are tired.

#### Vocabulary Cycle C Advanced

Kei gu<u>x</u>lanúkts tá yá xáanaa.
Sleep will be sweet tonight.
Da<u>x</u>dahéen yan yaawagás'. He fell on his face twice.
Jú<u>x</u>'aa tóot astán du jín. He has his arm in a sling.
Du gúk ká<u>x</u> ayaawayeesh du sadaat'aayí. She pulled her scarf down over her ears.
Du oo<u>x</u> kanat'á kahéeni yá<u>x</u> kawdisé<u>k</u>'w. Her teeth are the color of blueberry juice.

#### Lesson 1

Introduce the new vocabulary.

#### **Basic Listening**

- 1. Mini Pictures
- 2. Searchlight
- 3. Hidden Words

#### Basic Speaking

4 Actions!

- 5 Out of Order
- 6. Over/Under

#### Lesson 2

Review the unit's vocabulary.

#### **Basic Listening**

- 1. Back to Back Race
- 2. Locomotive

#### **Basic Speaking**

- 3. Sheet Golf
- 4. Disappearing Illustrations
- 5. What's That Word?

#### Lesson 3

Review the unit's vocabulary.

#### **Basic Listening**

1. Numbered Illustrations

2. Here, There, Everywhere

#### **Basic Speaking**

- 3. Disappearing Illustrations
- 4. What's That Word?
- 5. Flashlight Name

#### Lesson 4

Introduce the unit's sentence.

#### **Basic Listening**

- 1. Right or Wrong?
- 2. Half Match

#### **Basic Speaking**

- 3. Calendar Bingo
- 4. Colored Words
- 5. Number Draw

#### Lesson 5

Review the unit's sentence.

#### **Basic Listening**

- 1. Turn and Face
- 2. Matching Halves

#### **Basic Speaking**

- 3. Disappearing Illustrations
- 4. What's That Word?
- 5. Flashlight Name

#### Lesson 6

Introduce the unit's sentence

#### **Basic Reading - Sight**

- 1. Pass the Lifesaver
- 2. Deal!
- 3. Circle of Words
- 4. Tissue Grab
- 5. Use the Student Support Materials

#### Lesson 7

Review the unit's sentence.

#### **Basic Reading - Encoding**

- 1. Word Change
- 2. Back Match
- 3. Find the Parts
- 4.Letter Encode
- 5. Use the Student Support Materials

#### Lesson 8

Review the unit's sentence.

#### **Basic Writing**

- 1. Yarn Spell
- 2. What's Missing?
- 3. Writing Relay
- 4. CV Spell
- 5. Use the Student Support Materials

#### Lesson 9

Review the unit's sentence

#### **Basic Writing**

- 1. Numbered Illustrations
- 2. Flour Writing
- 3. Crayon Resist
- 4. Syllable Time
- 5. Use the Student Support Materials

#### Lesson 10

Administer the unit's assessment.

1. Practice the unit's dialog with the students.

2. Lay a length of white paper on the floor. Group the students around the paper. Give each student a white candle. The students should then create illustrations of body parts, using the white candles. When the paper is filled with illustrations, have the students take turns washing the illustrations with a thin mixture of paint. Display the crayon-resist mural in the classroom or hallway.

#### **Cycle C Advanced Creative Writing Activities**

1. Fill in the blanks to complete the sentences below.

Jú <u>x</u> 'aa tóot astán du _	·
He has his	in a sling.
Du	ká <u>x</u> ayaawayeesh du sadaat'aayí.

She pulled her scarf down over her \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Use vocabulary words and phrases from the previous cycles to rewrite this sentence. Include the translation for your new sentence.

Daxdahéen yan yaawagás'. He fell on his face twice.

3. Tie the sentences together by rewriting a portion of the sentence or by writing sentences between them to connect them to each other.

**Du gúk káx ayaawayeesh du sadaat'aayí.** She pulled her scarf down over her ears.

Du oox kanat'á kahéeni yáx kawdisék'w. Her teeth are the color of blueberry juice.

4. Use one of the sentences below to write a series of sentences that lead up to the sentence you chose or use the sentence to begin your series.

Kei guxlanúkts tá yá xáanaa. Sleep will be sweet tonight.

Du gúk ká<u>x</u> ayaawayeesh du sadaat'aayí. She pulled her scarf down over her ears.

# VOCABULARY PICTURES





oo<u>x</u> tooth



**k'í** hip



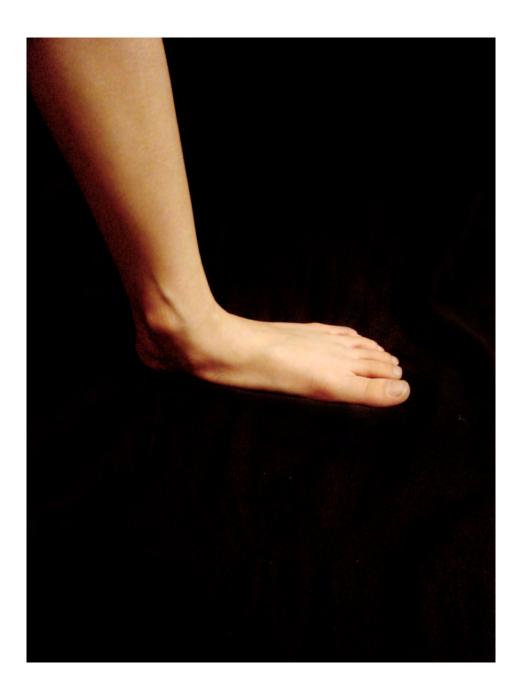
## **tl'éi<u>k</u>** finger



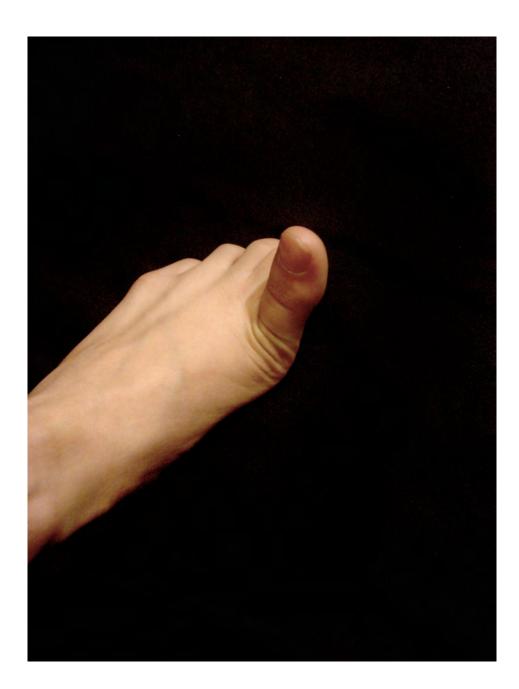
## **jigei** arm



## **gáts** thigh



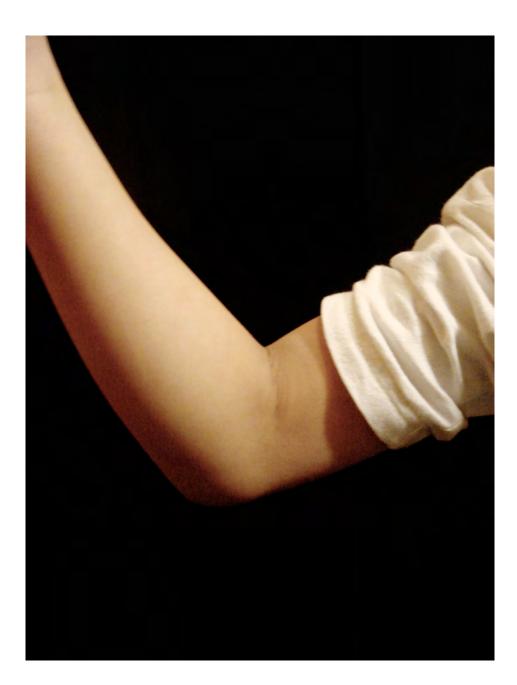
## **<u>x</u>'oos** foot



## <u>x</u>'usgoosh toe



**keey** knee



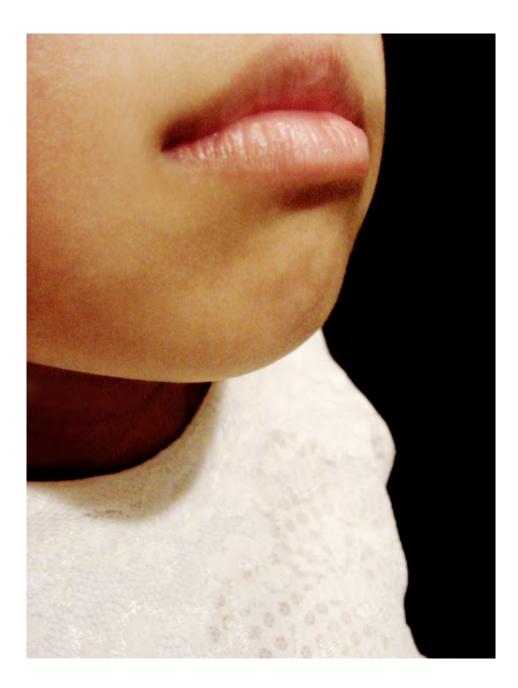
## **t'eey shú** elbow



### <u>x</u>eek shoulder



## káak' forehead

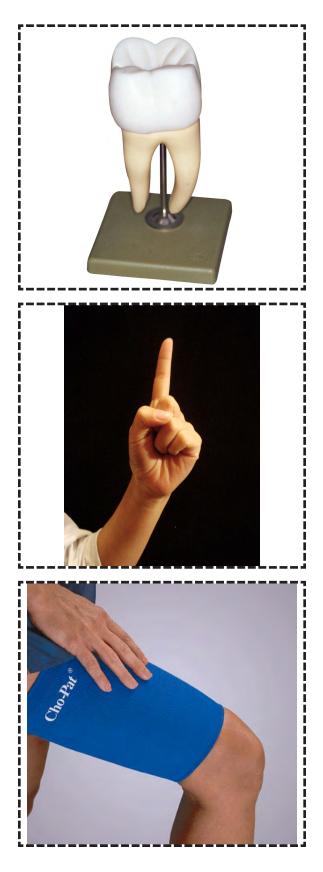


## **téey** chin

# BASIC LISTENING



Cut out the vocabulary pictures. Show the pictures for the vocabulary word given.



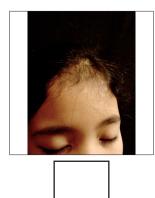


Cut out the vocabulary pictures. Show the pictures for the vocabulary word given.

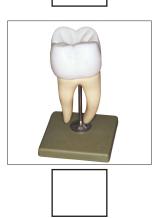


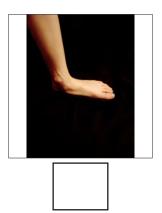


#### Listen to the vocabulary words. Write the numbers under the pictures.























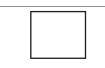










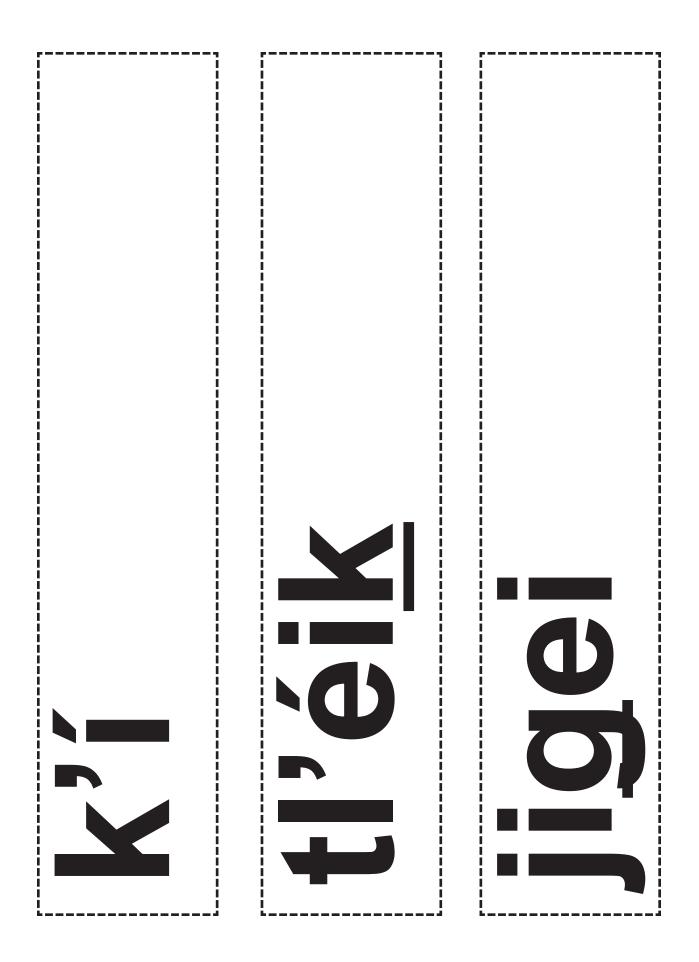


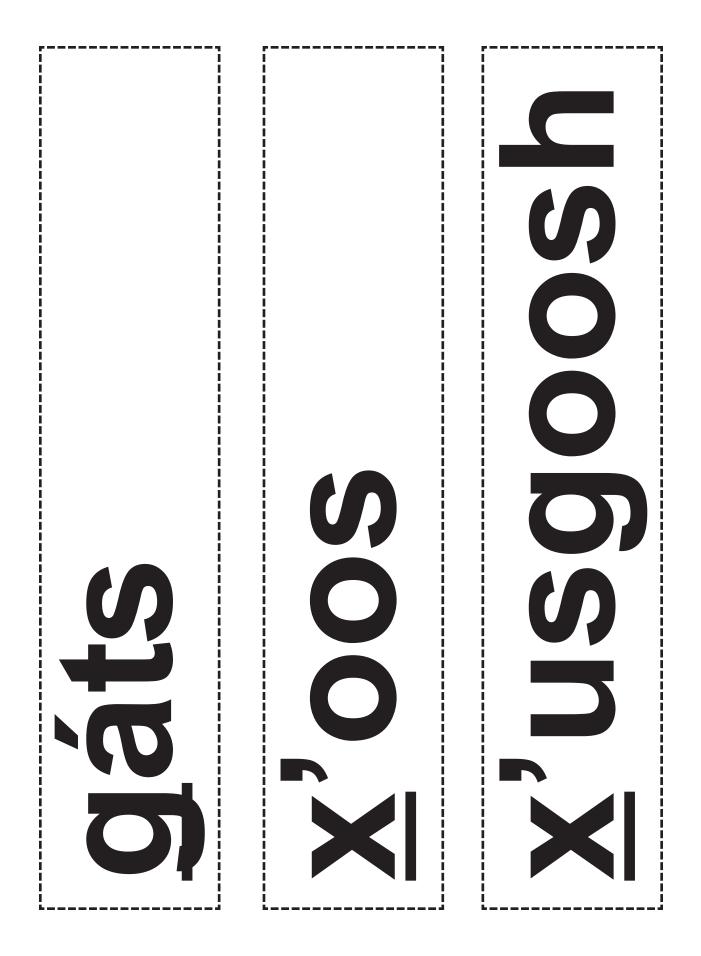


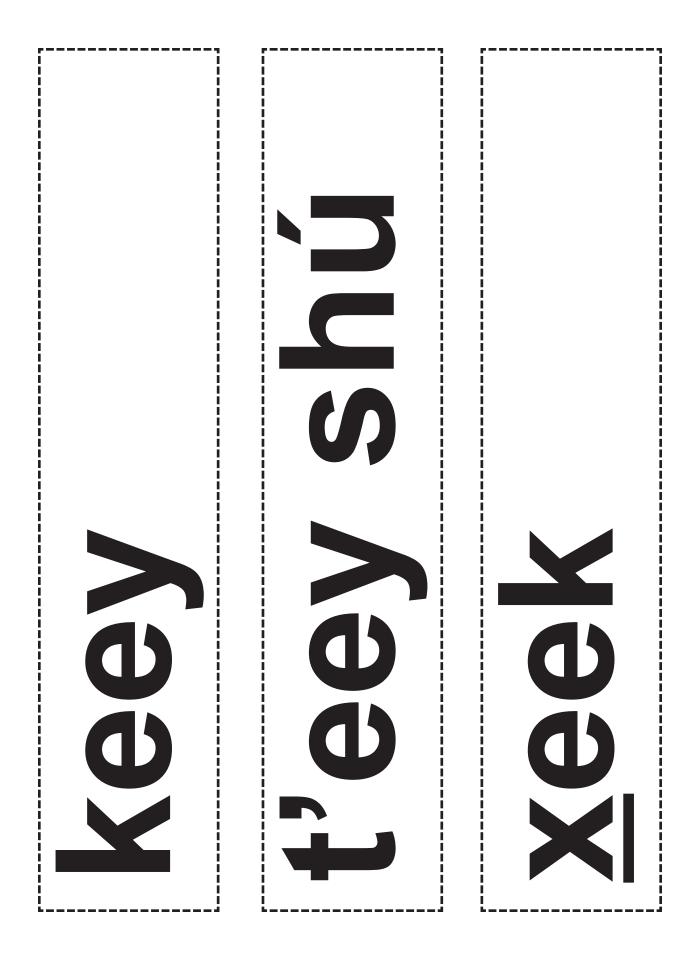
### **BASIC READING**

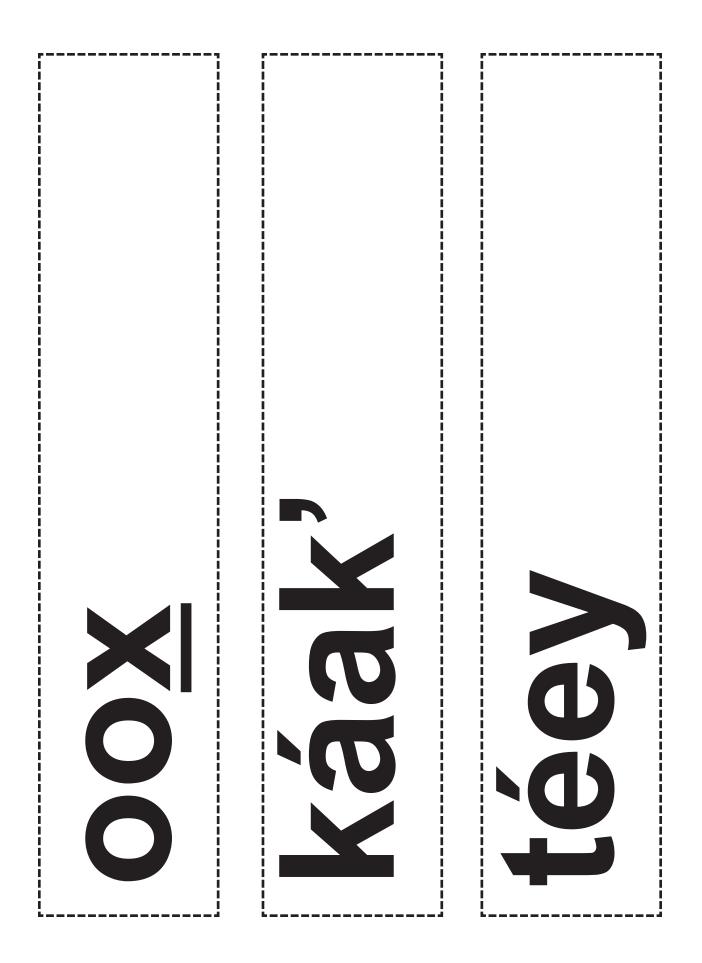














oo<u>x</u> k'í tl'éi<u>k</u> jigei gáts <u>x</u>'oos <u>x</u>'usgoosh keey t'eey shú <u>x</u>eek káak' téey



k'í tl'éi<u>k</u> jigei gáts <u>x</u>'oos <u>x</u>'usgoosh keey t'eey shú <u>x</u>eek káak' téey



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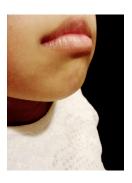


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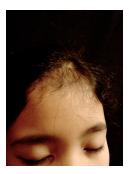




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Write the words from this unit in the boxes in horizontal, vertical, or diagonal forms. When all of the words are in the form, fill the other boxes with any letters. Exchange Word Finds with another student and circle the words in them.

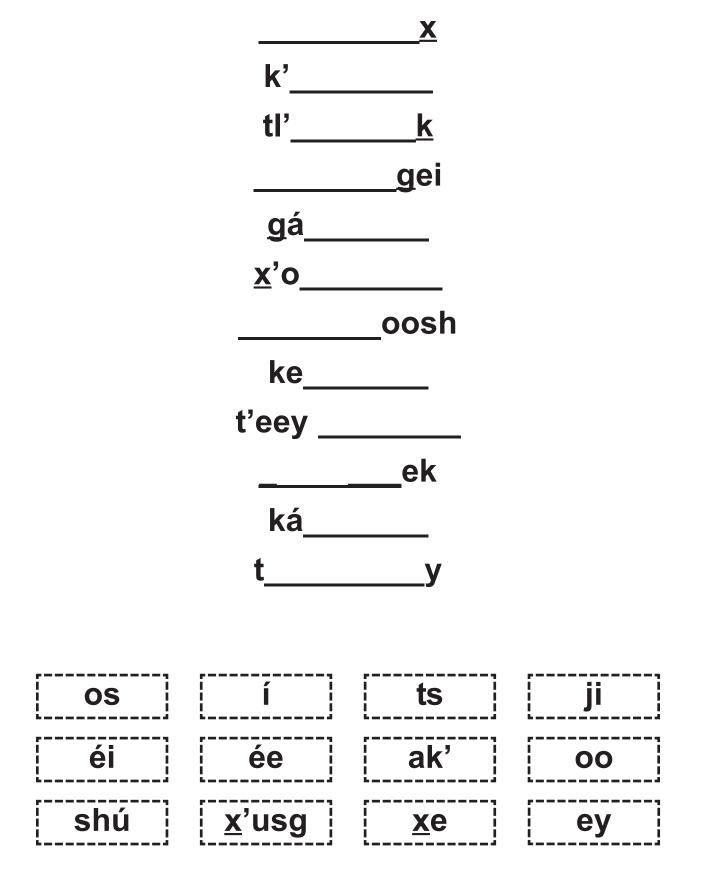
### **Homemade Word Find**

### **BASIC READING**

Encoding

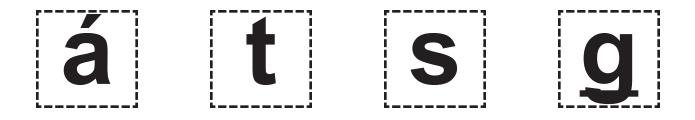


Cut out the word parts and glue them into the words.



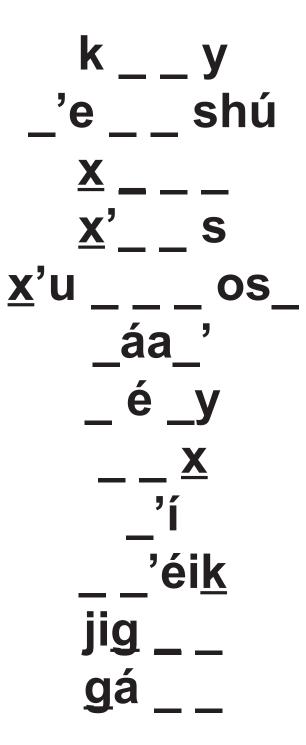
Cut out the letters and spell the word for the picture.





## BASIC WRITING





Write the correct vocabulary word next to each picture.







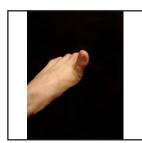
















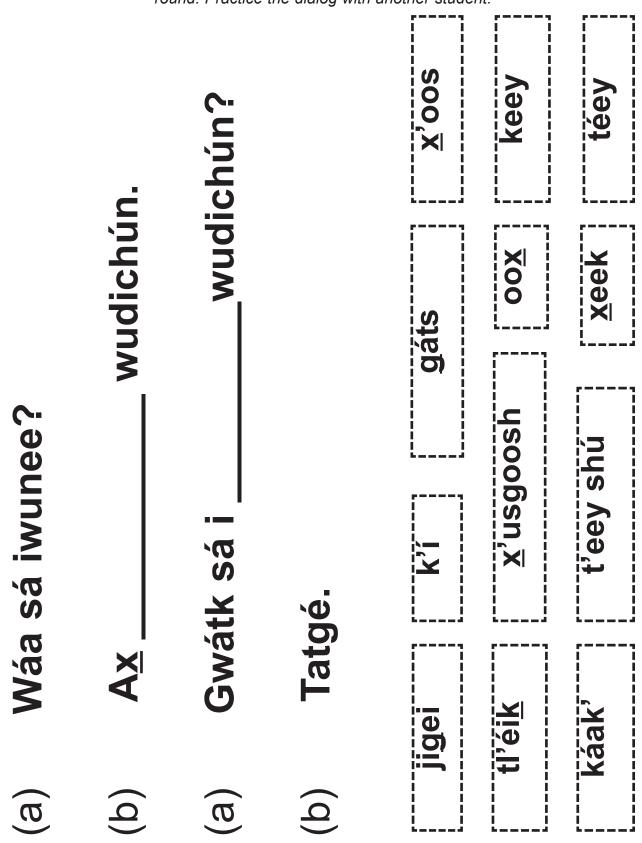






# DIALOG ACTIVITY PAGE





Cut out the words below. Listen for which word(s) to put in the spaces in the dialog. Read the dialog as a group or in pairs as instructed. Change the word(s) after each round. Practice the dialog with another student.

### UNIT ASSESSMENT



### **Tlingit Language Program**

Unit Assessment Teacher's Notes

Cycle B Beginners Grade 7

Grade: 7

Unit: 4

**Theme: More Body Parts** 

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

Provide each student with a copy of the *students' pages*. Read the following questions; the students answer the questions on their copies of the assessment.

Basic Listening

"Turn to page 1 in your test. Look at the pictures in the boxes."

- 1. "Write the number 1 on top of the picture of **oox**."
- 2. "Write the number 2 on top of the picture of k'í."
- 3. "Write the number 3 on top of the picture of tl'éik."
- 4. "Write the number 4 on top of the picture of jigei."
- **5.** "Write the number 5 on top of the picture of **gáts.**"
- 6. "Write the number 6 on top of the picture of **<u>x</u>'oos**."
- 7. "Write the number 7 on top of the picture of  $\underline{x}$ 'usgoosh."
- 8. "Write the number 8 on top of the picture of keey."
- 9. "Write the number 9 on top of the picture of t'eey shú."
- 10. "Write the number 10 on top of the picture of **<u>x</u>eek.**"
- 11. "Write the number 11 on top of the picture of káak."
- 12. "Write the number 12 on top of the picture of téey."

Sight Recognition

"Turn to page 3 in your test."

"Look at the pictures in the boxes. Circle the word for each picture."

Decoding/Encoding

"Turn to page 5 in your test."

"Look at the word parts in the boxes. Circle the other half or part of each word."

Basic Writing

"Turn to page 7 in your test."

"Look at the pictures in the boxes. Write the word for each picture."

# Correct:

% Correct:

### Unit Assessment

### **Student Pages**

Cycle B Beginners Grade 7

### Unit 4

**Theme: More Body Parts** 

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

Student's Name:

Grade:\_\_\_\_

Teacher: To get a percentage for this student's assessment:

divide the total number of questions correct by the total number of questions; multiply this answer by 100 to determine the per centage of questions answered correctly.

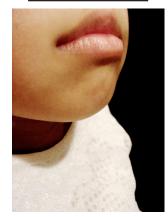


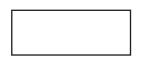












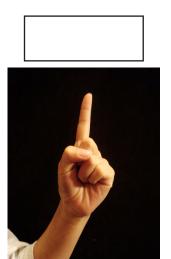


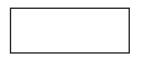
























oo <u>x</u> k'í tl'éi <u>k</u> jigei gáts <u>x</u> 'oos <u>x</u> 'usgoosh keey t'eey shú <u>x</u> eek káak' téey	oo <u>x</u> k'í tl'éi <u>k</u> jigei gáts <u>x</u> 'oos <u>x</u> 'usgoosh keey t'eey shú <u>x</u> eek káak' téey
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gá	OS	ká	os
•	oosh		oosh
	ey		ey
	ts		ts
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	ak'		ak'
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	shú		shú
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ke	OS	t'eey	OS
	oosh		oosh
	ey		ey
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